# **Chapter 9**

# Looping

- Understanding and using Do...Loop
- Understanding and using While...End while Loop

Visual Basic 2010 allows a procedure to repeat many times as long as the processor could support. We call this looping. Looping is required when we need to process something repetitively until a certain condition is met. For example, we can design a program that adds a series of numbers until it exceed a certain value, or a program that asks the user to enter data repeatedly until he or she keys in the word 'Finish'. In Visual Basic 2010, we have three types of Loops, they are the **For...Next** loop, the **Do loop** and the **While...End while** loop

### 9.1 For...Next Loop

The format is:

For counter=startNumber to endNumber (Step increment)

One or more VB statements

#### Next

Sometimes the user might want to get out from the loop before the whole repetitive process is completed. The command to use is **Exit For**. To exit a For....Next Loop, you can place the Exit For statement within the loop; and it is normally used together with the If.....Then... statement. For its application, you can refer to Example 9.1 d.

#### Example 9.1 a

Dim counter as Integer

For counter=1 to 10

ListBox1.Items.Add (counter)

Next

\* The program will enter number 1 to 10 into the Listbox.

## Example 9.1b

Dim counter, sum As Integer

For counter=1 to 100 step 10

sum+=counter

ListBox1.Items.Add (sum)

Next

\* The program will calculate the sum of the numbers as follows:

sum=0+10+20+30+40+.....

### Example 9.1c

Dim counter, sum As Integer sum = 1000 For counter = 100 To 5 Step -5 sum - = counter ListBox1.Items.Add(sum) Next www.knechotes.co.ke

\*Notice that increment can be negative.

The program will compute the subtraction as follows:

1000-100-95-90-.....

## Example 9.1d

Dim n as Integer For n=1 to 10

If n>6 then

Exit For

End If

Else

ListBox1.Items.Add (n)

Next

End If

Next

The process will stop when n is greater than 6.

## 9.2 Do Loop

The formats are

- a) Do While condition Block of one or more VB statements Loop
- b) Do Block of one or more VB statements Loop While condition
- c) Do Until condition Block of one or more VB statements Loop
- Block of one or more VB statements notes.co.ke
  p Until condition
  the Loop
  we need exit to d) Do Loop Until condition
- \* Exiting the Loop

Sometime we need exit to exit a loop prematurely because of a certain condition is fulfilled. The syntax we use is Exit Do. Let us examine the following example

## Example 9.2(a)

```
Do while counter <= 1000
    TextBox1.Text=counter
    counter +=1
Loop
```

\* The above example will keep on adding until counter >1000.

The above example can be rewritten as

```
Do
     TextBox1.Text=counter
    counter+=1
Loop until counter>1000
```

#### Example 9.2(b)

```
Private Sub Button1_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Button1.Click

Dim sum, n As Integer

Do

n += 1

sum += n

ListBox1.Items.Add(n & vbTab & sum)

If n = 100 Then

Exit Do

End If

Loop Sub
```

In the above Example, we find the summation of 1+2+3+4+.....+100. In the design stage, you need to insert a ListBox into the form for displaying the output, named List1. The program uses the **AddItem** method to populate the ListBox. The statement ListBox1.Items.Add (n & vbTab & sum) will display the headings in the ListBox, where it uses the vbTab function to create a space between the headings n and sum.

## 9.3 While ... End While Loop

The structure of a While....End While is very similar to the Do Loop. It takes the following format:

While condition

Statements

End While

#### Example 9.3

```
Dim sum, n As Integer
Private Sub Button1_Click(ByVal sender As System.Object, ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles Button1.Click
Dim sum, n As Integer
While n > 100
n += 1
sum = sum + n
ListBox1.Items.Add(n & vbTab & sum)
End While
End Sub
```

## Summary

- > In section 9.1, you learned how to write code for the For...Next loop. The loop stops when a condition is met. You also learned how to use Exit For to exit the loop.
- ➤ In section 9.2, you learned how to write code for the Do loop procedure. It includes the use of the While keyword to set the condition for stopping the loop. You also learned how to use Exit Do to exit the loop.
- ➤ In section 9.3, you learned how to write code for the While...End While loop. You also learned that the loop stops when a condition is met.

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